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MEMORANDUM

17 April 2018 File No. 128064-006

SUBJECT: Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan Pond 001 - Cell 002 West Associated Electric Cooperative, Inc. Thomas Hill Energy Center Clifton Hill, Missouri

Haley & Aldrich, Inc. (Haley & Aldrich) has developed this Inflow Design Flood (IDF) Control System Plan (Plan) on behalf of Associated Electric Cooperative, Inc. (AECI) for the inactive coal combustion residuals (CCR) surface impoundment referred to as Cell 002 West at the Thomas Hill Energy Center (THEC) in Clifton Hill, Missouri. This has been completed based on requirements of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) 40 CFR Parts 257 and 261, "Hazardous and Solid Waste Management System; Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals from Electric Utilities" (CCR Rule), specifically section §257.82. Based on the USEPA's issued CCR Rule Partial Vacatur in 2016, the Cell 002 West impoundment at THEC is subject to applicable requirements of the CCR Rule. The inactive status of the impoundment is understood to no longer make the unit exempt from several portions of the CCR Rule. Cell 002 West existing conditions and supporting documentation has been reviewed and associated storm water modeling and analysis performed to satisfy the Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan requirements of CCR Rule section §257.82 as described below.

<u>§257.82(a)</u>: The owner or operator of an existing or new CCR surface impoundment or any lateral expansion of a CCR surface impoundment must design, construct, operate, and maintain an inflow design flood control system as specified in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section.

<u>§257.82(a)(1)</u>: The inflow design flood control system must adequately manage flow into the CCR unit during and following the peak discharge of the inflow design flood specified in paragraph (a)(3) of this section.

Cell 002 West is a surface impoundment with an approximate footprint of 16 acres located south of Cell 001. The Cell 001 footprint and associated staging area north of Cell 002 West prevent surface water from draining into Cell 002 West. Likewise, a drainage divide to the northeast of Cell 002 West directs minor drainage overland to the unit with the remaining drainage area directed to the adjacent Cell 002 East. A conveyance channel located west of Cell 002 West collects any additional drainage from the west and diverts that water to Cell 003 which is south of Cell 002 West. Since the unit has ceased receiving plant process water flows, and the limiting overland flow potential due to the adjacent site features, the only inflow to the unit consists of direct precipitation within the unit footprint.

<u>§257.82(a)(2)</u>: The inflow design flood control system must adequately manage flow from the CCR unit to collect and control the peak discharge resulting from the inflow design flood specified in paragraph (a)(3) of this section.

Discharge from the impoundment is managed by a primary spillway consisting of a 15-inch corrugated metal pipe (CMP) with an upstream invert elevation at approximately 718.0 ft. The outlet control structures are detailed in the Gredell Engineering Resources, Inc. – Figure 1, dated September 2015 (note that material type and pipe location was changed and the emergency spillway pipe was not installed). Pertinent pages providing the required information have been provided as **Appendix A**. The critical berm elevation for the impoundment analysis is the separator berm between Cell 002 West and Cell 002 East at an approximate elevation of 720.0 ft.

Hydrologic and hydraulic modeling for this Cell 002 West IDF Control System Plan was performed using HydroCAD Stormwater Modeling System, version 10.00-12 (HydroCAD) in conjunction with the appropriate IDF as dictated by the CCR Rule in section §257.82(a)(3).

When Cell 002 West is maintained at its normal WSEL (El. 718.0), the results of the HydroCAD analysis confirm the IDF control system for Cell 002 West adequately manages flow into the impoundment during and following the IDF peak discharge. The peak level and resulting freeboard in Cell 002 West during the 100-year flood is noted in Table 1 below. The HydroCAD model simulation output is provided as **Appendix B**. **Table I** summarizes the effects of the IDF peak discharge during normal operation of the impoundment. See **Figure 1** for the Cell 002 West for the existing site plan.

Table I. Hydrochd Output St	anninary
Peak flood level (ft)	718.80
Minimum Dike Elevation (ft)	720.00
Minimum freeboard (ft)	1.20
Peak inflow (cfs)	137.51

Table I: HydroCAD Output Summary

§257.82(a)(3): The inflow design flood is:

- i. For a high hazard potential CCR surface impoundment, as determined under § 257.73(a)(2) or § 257.74(a)(2), the probable maximum flood;
- ii. For a significant hazard potential CCR surface impoundment, as determined under § 257.73(a)(2) or § 257.74(a)(2), the 1,000-year flood;
- For a low hazard potential CCR surface impoundment, as determined under § 257.73(a)(2) or § 257.74(a)(2), the 100-year flood; or
- *iv.* For an incised CCR surface impoundment, the 25-year flood.

Cell 002 West was determined to be <u>low</u> hazard potential as determined per the Hazard Potential Classification Assessment performed under separate cover; therefore, the design



event is the 100-year, 24-hour storm. The 100-year storm characteristics were detailed in the NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 8, Version 2 Point Precipitation Frequency Estimates: MO dated 31 August 2016 and prepared by the National Weather Service. Pertinent pages providing the required information have been provided as **Appendix C**.

<u>§257.82(b):</u> Discharge from the CCR unit must be handled in accordance with the surface water requirements under § 257.3–3.

<u>§257.3-3(a)</u>: For purposed of section 4004(a) of the Act, a facility shall not cause a discharge of pollutants into waters of the United States that is in violation of the requirements of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) under section 402 of the Clean Water Act, as amended.

<u>§257.3-3(b):</u> For purposed of section 4004(a) of the Act, a facility shall not cause a discharge of dredged material or fill material to waters of the United States that is in violation of the requirements under section 404 of the Clean Water Act, as amended.

<u>§257.3-3(c):</u> A facility or practice shall not cause non-point source pollution of waters of the United States that violates applicable legal requirements implementing an areawide or Statewide water quality management plan that has been approved by the Administrator under section 208 of the Clean Water Act, as amended.

Discharge from the Cell 002 West is managed through downstream ponds that ultimately discharge through the facility's National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit, which was prepared by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources.

<u>§257.82(c)(1)</u>: Content of the plan. The owner or operator must prepare initial and periodic inflow design flood control system plans for the CCR unit according to the timeframes specified in paragraphs (c)(3) and (4) of this section. These plans must document how the inflow design flood control system has been designed and constructed to meet the requirements of this section. Each plan must be supported by appropriate engineering calculations. The owner or operator of the CCR unit has completed the inflow design flood control system plan when the plan has been placed in the facility's operating record as required by § 257.105(g)(4).

This document and all attachments serve as the Initial Inflow Design Flood Control Plan and will be placed in the facility's operating record. Periodic Plans will be prepared and placed in the facility operating record at 5-year increments or whenever there is a change in conditions that would affect the Plan.



<u>§257.82(c)(2)</u>: Amendment of the plan. The owner or operator of the CCR unit may amend the written inflow design flood control system plan at any time provided the revised plan is placed in the facility's operating record as required by § 257.105(g)(4). The owner or operator must amend the written inflow design flood control system plan whenever there is a change in conditions that would substantially affect the written plan in effect.

The IDF Plan will be amended at least 60 days prior to a planned change in the operation of the facility or the CCR impoundment, or no later than 60 days after an unanticipated event requires the need to revise the IDF Plan. If the Plan needs to be revised after closure activities have commenced, the Plan will be revised no later than 30 days following the triggering event.

Any amendments to the Plan will include written certification from a qualified professional engineer that the initial and any amendments to the IDF Plan meet the requirements of the CCR Rule.

A record of amendments to the Plan will be tracked below. The latest version of the IDF Plan will be noted on the front cover of the Plan.

Version	Date	Description of Changes Made
1	17 April 2018	Initial Issuance

§257.82(c)(3): Timeframes for preparing the initial plan

i. Existing CCR surface impoundments. The owner or operator of the CCR unit must prepare the initial inflow design flood control system plan no later than October 17, 2016.

Per EPA 40 CFR Part 257 – "Hazardous and Solid Waste Management System: Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals From Electric Utilities; Extension of Compliance Deadlines for Certain Inactive Surface Impoundments; Response to Partial Vacatur" October 17, 2016 deadline is not applicable. See excerpt below:

<u>257.100(e)(4)(ii)</u>: No later than April 17, 2018, prepare the initial inflow design flood control system plan as set forth in § 257.82(c).

This Plan has been prepared within the specified timeframe.



ii. New CCR surface impoundments and any lateral expansion of a CCR surface impoundment. The owner or operator must prepare the initial inflow design flood control system plan no later than the date of initial receipt of CCR in the CCR unit.

Not Applicable - Cell 002 West is an existing inactive CCR impoundment.

<u>§257.82(c)(4)</u>: Frequency for revising the plan. The owner or operator must prepare periodic inflow design flood control system plans required by paragraph (c)(1) of this section every five years. The date of completing the initial plan is the basis for establishing the deadline to complete the first periodic plan. The owner or operator may complete any required plan prior to the required deadline provided the owner or operator places the completed plan into the facility's operating record within a reasonable amount of time. In all cases, the deadline for completing a subsequent plan is based on the date of completing the previous plan. For purposes of this paragraph (c)(4), the owner or operator has completed an inflow design flood control system plan when the plan has been placed in the facility's operating record as required by § 257.105(g)(4).

This IDF Plan or any subsequent IDF Plan will be assessed and amended whenever there is a change in operation of the CCR impoundment that would substantially affect the IDF Plan or when unanticipated events necessitate a revision of the Plan either before or after closure activities have commenced.

<u>§257.82(c)(5)</u>: The owner or operator must obtain a certification from a qualified professional engineer stating that the initial and periodic inflow design flood control system plans meet the requirements of this section.

I certify that the design of the flood control system referenced in this Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan for AECI's Pond 001 - Cell 002 West at the Thomas Hill Energy Center meets the USEPA's CCR Rule requirements of §257.82.

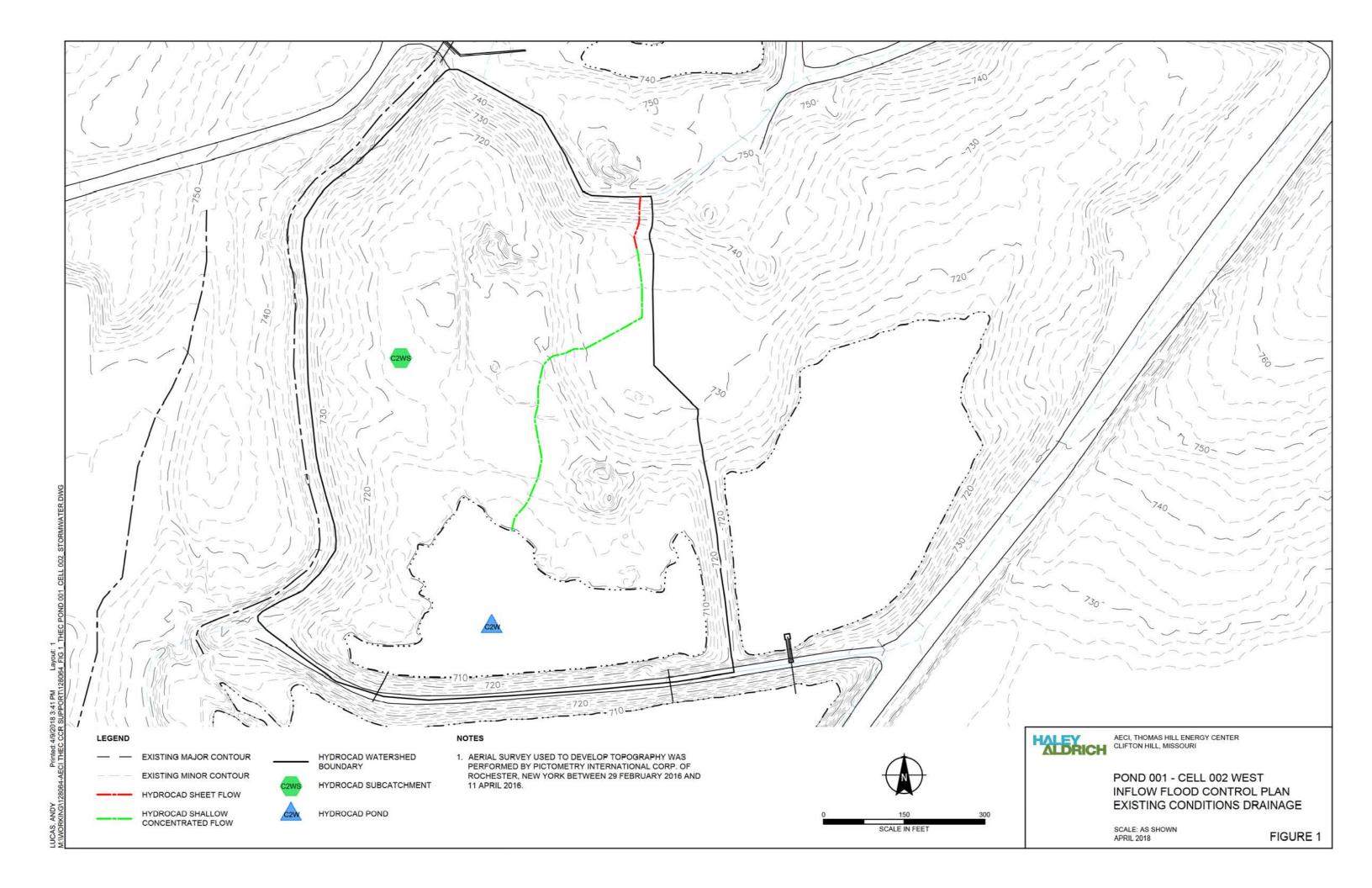
Signed:

Certifying Engineer

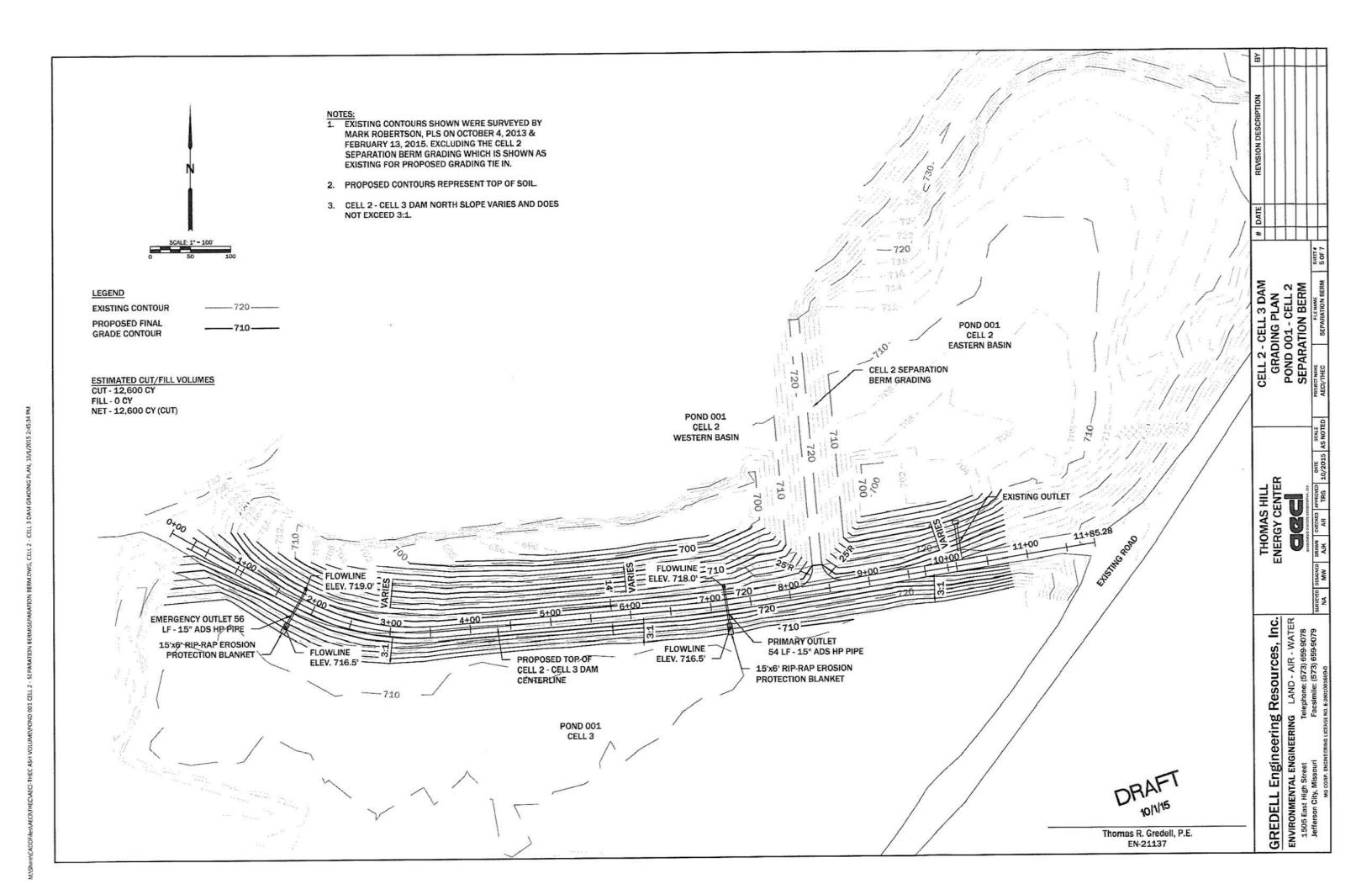
Print Name: Missouri License No.: Title: Company: <u>Steven F. Putrich</u> 2014035813 Project Principal Haley & Aldrich, Inc.

Professional Engineer's Seal and date:

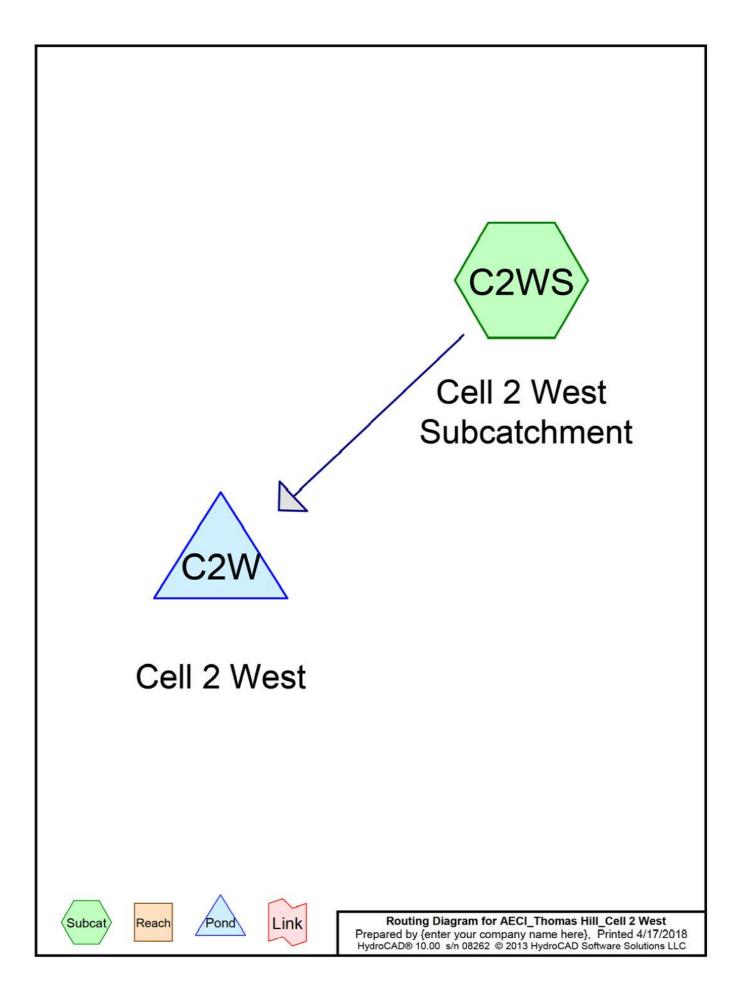




Appendix A Outlet Control Structures Details



Appendix B HydroCAD Simulation Output



Area Listing (all nodes)

Area (acres)		Description (subcatchment-numbers)
13.845	84	50-75% Grass cover, Fair, HSG D (C2WS)
2.687	98	Water Surface, HSG A (C2WS)
16.532	86	TOTAL AREA

Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area (acres)	Soil Group	Subcatchment Numbers
2.687	HSG A	C2WS
0.000	HSG B	
0.000	HSG C	
13.845	HSG D	C2WS
0.000	Other	
16.532		TOTAL AREA

Ground Covers (all nodes)

HSG-A (acres)	HSG-B (acres)	HSG-C (acres)	HSG-D (acres)	Other (acres)	Total (acres)	Ground Cover	Subcatchment Numbers
 0.000	0.000	0.000	13.845	0.000	13.845	50-75% Grass cover, Fair	C2WS
2.687	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.687	Water Surface	C2WS
2.687	0.000	0.000	13.845	0.000	16.532	TOTAL AREA	

AECI Thomas Hill Cell 2 West

Prepared by {enter your company name here}
HydroCAD® 10.00 s/n 08262 © 2013 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Pipe Listing (all nodes)											
Line#	No <mark>d</mark> e Number	In-Invert (feet)	Out-Invert (feet)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	n	Diam/Width (inches)	Height (inches)	Inside-Fill (inches)		
1	C2W	718.00	716.50	100.0	0.0150	0.025	15.0	0.0	0.0		

Ding Listing (all pades)

AECI_Thomas Hill_Cell 2 West	Type II 24-hr	100-Yr Rainfall=7.92"
Prepared by {enter your company name here}		Printed 4/17/2018
HydroCAD® 10.00 s/n 08262 © 2013 HydroCAD Software Solutions LL	C	Page 6

Time span=0.00-144.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 14401 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Sim-Route method - Pond routing by Sim-Route method

SubcatchmentC2WS: Cell 2 West	Runoff Area=720,134 sf 16.25% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.25" Flow Length=2,301' Tc=12.7 min CN=86 Runoff=137.51 cfs 8.616 af
Pond C2W: Cell 2 West 15.0"	Peak Elev=718.80' Storage=2,132,222 cf Inflow=137.51 cfs 8.616 af Round Culvert n=0.025 L=100.0' S=0.0150 '/' Outflow=1.85 cfs 6.867 af

Total Runoff Area = 16.532 acRunoff Volume = 8.616 afAverage Runoff Depth = 6.25"83.75% Pervious = 13.845 ac16.25% Impervious = 2.687 ac

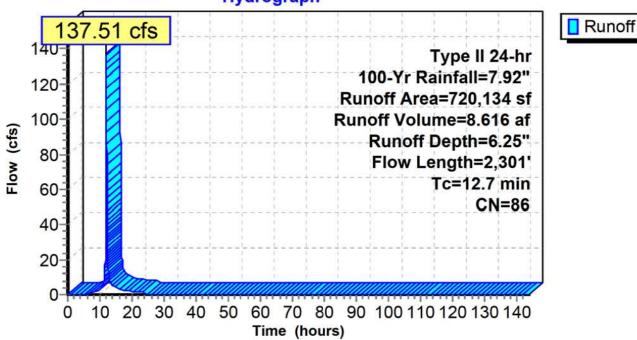
Summary for Subcatchment C2WS: Cell 2 West Subcatchment

Runoff = 137.51 cfs @ 12.04 hrs, Volume= 8.616 af, Depth= 6.25"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-144.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-Yr Rainfall=7.92"

A	rea (sf)	CN C	Description						
	17,048		Vater Surface, HSG A						
6	603,086	84 5	0-75% Gra	ass cover, F	Fair, HSG D				
7	20,134	86 V	Veighted A	verage					
6	03,086	8	3.75% Per	vious Area					
1	17,048	1	6.25% Imp	pervious Are	ea				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Decemption				
3.8	100	0.2830	0.44		Sheet Flow,				
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 2.56"				
1.8	158	0.0424	1.44		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
7.1	2,043	0.0020	4.80	240.05	Channel Flow,				
					Area= 50.0 sf Perim= 20.6' r= 2.43'				
					n= 0.025 Earth, clean & winding				
12.7	2,301	Total							

Subcatchment C2WS: Cell 2 West Subcatchment



Hydrograph

Summary for Pond C2W: Cell 2 West

Primary and secondary outlets per Gerdell Engineering Resources, Inc. Figure 1 (9/2015). Length estimated per Google Earth Pro.

Inflow Area =	16.532 ac,	16.25% Impervious, Inflow	Depth = 6.25" for 100-Yr event
Inflow =	137.51 cfs @	12.04 hrs, Volume=	8.616 af
Outflow =	1.85 cfs @	19.60 hrs, Volume=	6.867 af, Atten= 99%, Lag= 453.8 min
Primary =	1.85 cfs @) 19.60 hrs, Volume=	6.867 af

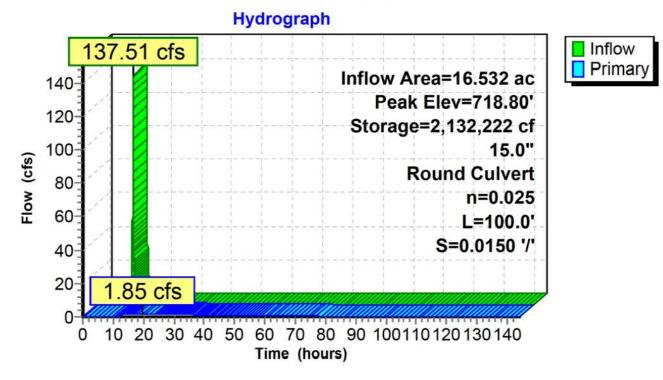
Routing by Sim-Route method, Time Span= 0.00-144.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 718.00' Surf.Area= 366,107 sf Storage= 1,828,767 cf Peak Elev= 718.80' @ 19.60 hrs Surf.Area= 393,181 sf Storage= 2,132,222 cf (303,456 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: initial storage exceeds outflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 2,138.8 min (2,929.8 - 791.1)

Inve	ert	Avail.Sto	rage	Storage	Description	
709.0	0'	2,628,83	34 cf	Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
					Cum.Store	
	2 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		(Cubic			
	1					
0	122,7	55	11	9,902	119,902	
0	137,1	55	12	9,955	249,857	
0	164,1	73	15	0,664	400,521	
0	189.4	74	17	5.824	577,344	
0	205,9	32		and the second se	775,047	
0	218,6	44			987,335	
0	260,3	67			1,226,841	
0	288,6	89	27	4,528	1,501,369	
0	366,1	07	32	7,398	1,828,767	
0	399,9	78	38	3,043	2,211,809	
0	434,0	72	41	7,025	2,628,834	
Routing		Invert	Outle	t Devices	5	
Primary		718.00'	15.0"	Round	Culvert	
			L= 10	0.0' CN	IP. projectina, r	no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			n 0.	020 000	agatoa motal,	1.20 01
	709.0 m t) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	709.00' on Surf.Ar t) (sq 10 117,0 10 122,7 10 137,1 10 164,1 10 164,1 10 205,9 10 218,6 10 260,3 10 288,6 10 399,9 10 434,0	709.00' 2,628,83 on Surf.Area t) (sq-ft) 10 117,048 10 122,755 10 137,155 10 164,173 10 189,474 10 205,932 10 218,644 10 260,367 10 366,107 10 399,978 10 434,072	709.00' 2,628,834 cf on Surf.Area Inc. t) (sq-ft) (cubic 0 117,048	709.00' 2,628,834 cf Custom on Surf.Area Inc.Store t) (sq-ft) (cubic-feet) 00 117,048 0 00 122,755 119,902 00 137,155 129,955 00 164,173 150,664 00 189,474 176,824 00 205,932 197,703 00 218,644 212,288 00 260,367 239,506 00 288,689 274,528 00 366,107 327,398 00 399,978 383,043 00 434,072 417,025 Routing Primary 718.00' 15.0'' Round L= 100.0' CM Inlet / Outlet Ir	709.00' 2,628,834 cf Custom Stage Data (P on Surf.Area Inc.Store Cum.Store t) (sq-ft) (cubic-feet) (cubic-feet) 0 117,048 0 0 0 122,755 119,902 119,902 0 137,155 129,955 249,857 0 164,173 150,664 400,521 0 189,474 176,824 577,344 0 205,932 197,703 775,047 0 218,644 212,288 987,335 0 260,367 239,506 1,226,841 0 288,689 274,528 1,501,369 0 366,107 327,398 1,828,767 0 399,978 383,043 2,211,809 0 434,072 417,025 2,628,834

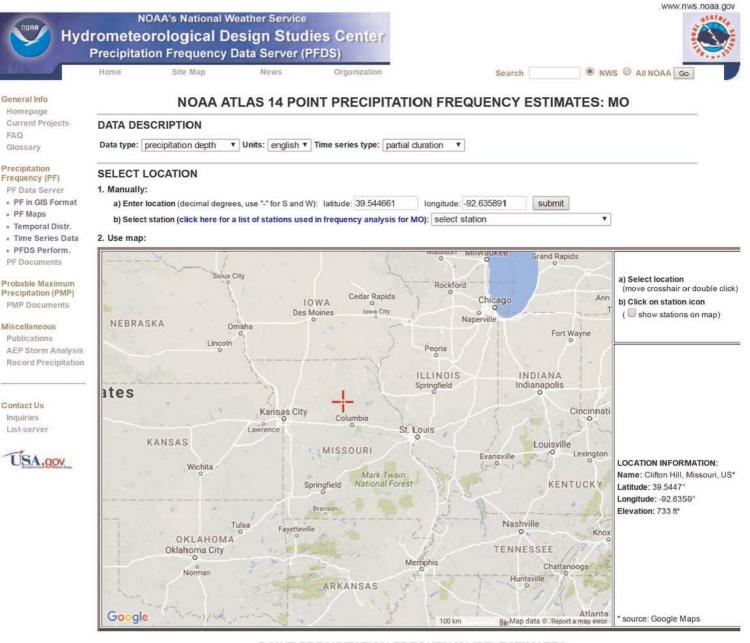
Primary OutFlow Max=1.85 cfs @ 19.60 hrs HW=718.80' (Free Discharge)

Pond C2W: Cell 2 West



Appendix C NOAA Rainfall Data

PFDS: Contiguous US



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY (PF) ESTIMATES WITH 90% CONFIDENCE INTERVALS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 8, Version 2

	PD	S-based pre	cipitation fr	equency est	imates with	90% confid	ence interv	als (in inch	les) ¹		
Duration	Average recurrence interval (years)										
	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000	
5-min	0.405	0.468	0.570	0.654	0.769	0.857	0.944	1.03	1.15	1.23	
	(0.328-0.498)	(0.378-0.576)	(0.459-0.703)	(0.524-0.810)	(0.594-0.975)	(0.647-1.10)	(0.688-1.24)	(0.721-1.39)	(0.770-1.58)	(0.808-1.7	
10-min	0.593	0.685	0.834	0.958	1.13	1.25	1.38	1.51	1.68	1.80	
	(0.480-0.729)	(0.554-0.843)	(0.673-1.03)	(0.767-1.19)	(0.870-1.43)	(0.947-1.61)	(1.01-1.81)	(1.05-2.03)	(1.13-2.31)	(1.18-2.52	
15-min	0.723	0.835	1.02	1.17	1.37	1.53	1.69	1.84	2.05	2.20	
	(0.585-0.890)	(0.676-1.03)	(0.820-1.26)	(0.936-1.45)	(1.06-1.74)	(1.16-1.96)	(1.23-2.21)	(1.29-2.47)	(1.38-2.81)	(1.44-3.08	
30-min	1.02	1.19	1.47	1.70	2.00	2.23	2.45	2.68	2.97	3.18	
	(0.827-1.26)	(0.965-1.47)	(1.19-1.81)	(1.36-2.10)	(1.54-2.53)	(1.68-2.86)	(1.79-3.21)	(1.87-3.59)	(1.99-4.08)	(2.08-4.44	
60-min	1.29	1.54	1.96	2.30	2.79	3.17	3.56	3.96	4.49	4.91	
	(1.05-1.59)	(1.25-1.90)	(1.58-2.41)	(1.84-2.85)	(2.16-3.56)	(2.40-4.09)	(2.60-4.68)	(2.77-5.33)	(3.02-6.20)	(3.21-6.85	
2-hr	1.57	1.89	2.44	2.91	3.58	4.11	4.66	5.24	6.02	6.63	
	(1.28-1.92)	(1.54-2.31)	(1.98-2.99)	(2.35-3.58)	(2.79-4.55)	(3.13-5.28)	(3.43-6.11)	(3.69-7.02)	(4.08-8.26)	(4.38-9.20	
3-hr	1.73	2.10	2.75	3.31	4.14	4.81	5.51	6.25	7.28	8.09	
	(1.41-2.10)	(1.72-2.56)	(2.24-3.36)	(2.68-4.06)	(3.25-5.26)	(3.68-6.17)	(4.08-7.21)	(4.43-8.37)	(4.96-9.97)	(5.36-11.2	
6-hr	2.06	2.50	3.27	3.96	4.97	5.81	6.71	7.66	9.00	10.1	
	(1.70-2.49)	(2.06-3.03)	(2.68-3.97)	(3.22-4.82)	(3.95-6.31)	(4.49-7.43)	(5.00-8.74)	(5.48-10.2)	(6.19-12.3)	(6.72-13.8	
				-							

http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/pfds_map_cont.html?bkmrk=mo

PFDS: Contiguous US

12-hr	2.49	2.95	3.77	4.50	5.57	6.46	7.41	8.42	9.83	11.0
	(2.06-2.99)	(2.44-3.55)	(3.11-4.54)	(3.69-5.44)	(4.45-7.01)	(5.03-8.20)	(5.57-9.59)	(6.06-11.1)	(6.81-13.3)	(7.38-14.9
24-hr	2.95	3.42	4.24	4.97	6.06	6.97	7.92	8.95	10.4	11.5
	(2.46-3.52)	(2.85-4.08)	(3.52-5.08)	(4.11-5.98)	(4.88-7.57)	(5.46-8.77)	(6.00-10.2)	(6.50-11.8)	(7.25-13.9)	(7.82-15.6
2-day	3.38	3.88	4.76	5.54	6.70	7.66	8.68	9.77	11.3	12.5
	(2.84-4.01)	(3.25-4.61)	(3.98-5.66)	(4.61-6.62)	(5.43-8.30)	(6.05-9.58)	(6.61-11.1)	(7.14-12.7)	(7.94-15.0)	(8.54-16.8
3-day	3.67	4.22	5.17	6.02	7.26	8.28	9.35	10.5	12.1	13.4
	(3.10-4.34)	(3.56-4.99)	(4.34-6.13)	(5.02-7.16)	(5.89-8.94)	(6.55-10.3)	(7.15-11.9)	(7.70-13.6)	(8.54-16.0)	(9.17-17.9
4-day	3.94	4.52	5.52	6.41	7.72	8.79	9.91	11.1	12.8	14.1
	(3.33-4.64)	(3.81-5.33)	(4.65-6.53)	(5.37-7.61)	(6.28-9.47)	(6.97-10.9)	(7.60-12.5)	(8.17-14.4)	(9.04-16.9)	(9.70-18.8
7-day	4.64 (3.94-5.44)	5.28 (4.48-6.19)	6.38 (5.40-7.50)	7.37 (6.20-8.69)	8.80 (7.21-10.7)	9.98 (7.97-12.3)	11.2 (8.66-14.1)	12.5 (9.29-16.1)	14.4 (10.2-18.9)	15.9 (11.0-21.0
10-day	5.28	5.97	7.17	8.23	9.79	11.1	12.4	13.8	15.8	17.4
	(4.50-6.16)	(5.09-6.98)	(6.09-8.40)	(6.95-9.68)	(8.04-11.9)	(8.86-13.6)	(9.60-15.5)	(10.3-17.7)	(11.3-20.7)	(12.1-22.9
20-day	7.11	8.02	9.57	10.9	12.8	14.3	15.9	17.6	19.8	21.6
	(6.10-8.24)	(6.88-9.31)	(8.18-11.1)	(9.27-12.7)	(10.6-15.4)	(11.6-17.4)	(12.4-19.7)	(13.1-22.3)	(14.3-25.7)	(15.1-28.3
30-day	8.64	9.78	11.7	13.2	15.5	17.2	18.9	20.8	23.2	25.1
	(7.45-9.98)	(8.42-11.3)	(10.0-13.5)	(11.3-15.4)	(12.8-18.4)	(13.9-20.7)	(14.8-23.3)	(15.6-26.1)	(16.7-29.9)	(17.6-32.7
45-day	10.6	12.0	14.3	16.2	18.8	20.8	22.8	24.8	27.3	29.3
	(9.17-12.2)	(10.4-13.8)	(12.4-16.5)	(13.9-18.8)	(15.6-22.3)	(16.9-24.9)	(17.8-27.9)	(18.6-30.9)	(19.8-35.0)	(20.7-38.0
60-day	12.3	14.0	16.6	18.8	21.7	23.9	26.1	28.1	30.8	32.8
	(10.6-14.1)	(12.1-16.0)	(14.4-19.2)	(16.2-21.7)	(18.0-25.6)	(19.4-28.5)	(20.4-31.7)	(21.2-35.0)	(22.4-39.2)	(23.2-42.5

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS). Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

Estimates from the table in csv format: precipitation frequency estimates V Submit

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