

HALEY & ALDRICH, INC. 6500 Rockside Road Suite 200 Cleveland, OH 44131 216.739.0555

MEMORANDUM

16 October 2016 File No. 128064-003

SUBJECT: Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan Pond 001 - Cell 004 Associated Electric Cooperative, Inc. Thomas Hill Energy Center Clifton Hill, Missouri

Haley & Aldrich, Inc. (Haley & Aldrich) has developed this Inflow Design Flood (IDF) Control System Plan (Plan) on behalf of Associated Electric Cooperative, Inc. (AECI) for the existing coal combustion residuals (CCR) surface impoundment referred to as Pond 1 - Cell 004 (Cell 004) at the Thomas Hill Energy Center (THEC) in Clifton Hill, Missouri. This has been completed based on requirements of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) 40 CFR Parts 257 and 261, "Hazardous and Solid Waste Management System; Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals from Electric Utilities" (CCR Rule), specifically section §257.82. The Cell 004 existing conditions and supporting documentation has been reviewed and associated stormwater modeling and analysis performed to satisfy the Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan requirements of CCR Rule section §257.82 as described below.

<u>§257.82(a)</u>: The owner or operator of an existing or new CCR surface impoundment or any lateral expansion of a CCR surface impoundment must design, construct, operate, and maintain an inflow design flood control system as specified in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section.

<u>§257.82(a)(1)</u>: The inflow design flood control system must adequately manage flow into the CCR unit during and following the peak discharge of the inflow design flood specified in paragraph (a)(3) of this section.

Cell 004 is a coal combustion residuals (CCR) surface impoundment located to the south of the Thomas Hill power plant. Cell 004 provides final settling and polishing for the Pond 001 system prior to discharging to the Middle Fork of the Little Chariton River. Cell 004 receives decant water and a limited quantity of CCR material from Cell 003. Decant water enter a rectangular concrete decant structure equipped with two 61-inch wide concrete stop logs, and flow via a 48-in. diameter concrete outlet pipe to a drainage channel which discharges to NPDES Outfall 001. Water can also discharge to Outfall 001 via the 2-ft. deep trapezoidal emergency spillway

Hydrologic and hydraulic modeling for this Cell 004 IDF Control System Plan was performed using HydroCAD Stormwater Modeling System, version 10.00-12 (HydroCAD) in conjunction with the appropriate IDF as determined per the Hazard Potential Classification Assessment performed by under separate cover. When Cell 004 is maintained at its normal WSEL (El. 700.0), the results of the HydroCAD analysis confirm the IDF control system for Cell 004 adequately manage flow into the impoundment during and following the IDF peak discharge. **Table 1** summarizes the effects of the IDF peak discharge during normal operation of the impoundment. The output from the two HydroCAD model simulations is provided as **Appendix 1**. See **Figure 1** for the Cell 004 for the existing site plan.

··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- /
Peak flood level (ft)	703.8
Minimum Dike Elevation	705.0
Minimum freeboard (ft)	1.2
Peak inflow (cfs)	251.9

Table 1: HydroCAD Output Summary

<u>§257.82(a)(2)</u>: The inflow design flood control system must adequately manage flow from the CCR unit to collect and control the peak discharge resulting from the inflow design flood specified in paragraph (a)(3) of this section.

The outlet control structure is detailed in the Burns & McDonnell Thomas Hill Power Plan Ash Pond Facilities #2 dated 01 December 1978. Pertinent pages providing the required information have been provided as **Appendix 2**. Based on the HydroCAD analysis, the IDF control system for Cell 004 was determined to adequately manage flow from the impoundment by collecting and controlling the IDF peak discharge. The peak level and resulting freeboard in Cell 004 during the 100-year flood is noted in Table 1 (above). The HydroCAD model simulation output is provided as **Appendix 1**.

$\underline{\$257.82(a)(3)}$: The inflow design flood is:

- *i.* For a high hazard potential CCR surface impoundment, as determined under § 257.73(a)(2) or § 257.74(a)(2), the probable maximum flood;
- ii. For a significant hazard potential CCR surface impoundment, as determined under § 257.73(a)(2) or § 257.74(a)(2), the 1,000-year flood;
- iii. For a low hazard potential CCR surface impoundment, as determined under § 257.73(a)(2) or § 257.74(a)(2), the 100-year flood; or
- *iv.* For an incised CCR surface impoundment, the 25-year flood.

Cell 004 was determined to be low hazard potential; therefore, the design event is the 100-year storm. The basis of the determination is discussed in Initial Hazard Potential Classification Assessment, Cell 004 dated October 2016. The 100-year storm characteristics were detailed in the NOAA Atlas 14 Point Precipitation Frequency Estimates: MO dated 27 August 2014 and



prepared by the National Weather Service. Pertinent pages providing the required information have been provided as **Appendix 3**.

<u>§257.82(b):</u> Discharge from the CCR unit must be handled in accordance with the surface water requirements under § 257.3–3.

<u>§257.3-3(a)</u>: For purposed of section 4004(a) of the Act, a facility shall not cause a discharge of pollutants into waters of the United States that is in violation of the requirements of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) under section 402 of the Clean Water Act, as amended.

<u>§257.3-3(b):</u> For purposed of section 4004(a) of the Act, a facility shall not cause a discharge of dredged material or fill material to waters of the United States that is in violation of the requirements under section 404 of the Clean Water Act, as amended.

<u>§257.3-3(c):</u> A facility or practice shall not cause non-point source pollution of waters of the United States that violates applicable legal requirements implementing an areawide or Statewide water quality management plan that has been approved by the Administrator under section 208 of the Clean Water Act, as amended.

Discharge from the Cell 004 is managed through plant National Pollution Discharge Elimination System permit which was prepared by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources. Pertinent pages providing the required information have been provided as **Appendix 4**.

<u>§257.82(c)(1)</u>: Content of the plan. The owner or operator must prepare initial and periodic inflow design flood control system plans for the CCR unit according to the timeframes specified in paragraphs (c)(3) and (4) of this section. These plans must document how the inflow design flood control system has been designed and constructed to meet the requirements of this section. Each plan must be supported by appropriate engineering calculations. The owner or operator of the CCR unit has completed the inflow design flood control system plan when the plan has been placed in the facility's operating record as required by § 257.105(g)(4).

This document and all attachments serve as the initial IDF Plan. Periodic inflow design flood control system plans will be prepared and placed in the facility operating record at 5-year increments or whenever there is a change in conditions that would affect the Plan.

<u>§257.82(c)(2)</u>: Amendment of the plan. The owner or operator of the CCR unit may amend the written inflow design flood control system plan at any time provided the revised plan is placed in the facility's operating record as required by § 257.105(g)(4). The owner or operator must amend the written inflow



Associated Electric Cooperative, Inc. – Thomas Hill Energy Center Inflow Flood Control System Plan – Cell 004 16 October 2016 Page 4

design flood control system plan whenever there is a change in conditions that would substantially affect the written plan in effect.

The IDF Plan will be amended at least 60 days prior to a planned change in the operation of the facility or the CCR impoundment, or no later than 60 days after an unanticipated event requires the need to revise the IDF Plan. If the Plan needs to be revised after closure activities have commenced, the Plan will be revised no later than 30 days following the triggering event.

Any amendments to the Plan will include written certification from a qualified professional engineer that the initial and any amendments to the IDF Plan meet the requirements of the CCR Rule.

A record of amendments to the Plan will be tracked below. The latest version of the IDF Plan will be noted on the front cover of the Plan.

Version	Date	Description of Changes Made
1	16 October 2016	Initial Issuance

<u>§257.82(c)(3)</u>: Timeframes for preparing the initial plan

i. Existing CCR surface impoundments. The owner or operator of the CCR unit must prepare the initial inflow design flood control system plan no later than October 17, 2016.

This IDF control system plan has been prepared within the specified timeframe.

ii. New CCR surface impoundments and any lateral expansion of a CCR surface impoundment. The owner or operator must prepare the initial inflow design flood control system plan no later than the date of initial receipt of CCR in the CCR unit.

N/A – Cell 004 is an existing CCR impoundment.

<u>§257.82(c)(4)</u>: Frequency for revising the plan. The owner or operator must prepare periodic inflow design flood control system plans required by paragraph (c)(1) of this section every five years. The date of completing the initial plan is the basis for establishing the deadline to complete the first periodic plan. The owner or operator may complete any required plan prior to the required deadline provided the



Associated Electric Cooperative, Inc. – Thomas Hill Energy Center Inflow Flood Control System Plan – Cell 004 16 October 2016 Page 5

owner or operator places the completed plan into the facility's operating record within a reasonable amount of time. In all cases, the deadline for completing a subsequent plan is based on the date of completing the previous plan. For purposes of this paragraph (c)(4), the owner or operator has completed an inflow design flood control system plan when the plan has been placed in the facility's operating record as required by § 257.105(g)(4).

This IDF Plan or any subsequent IDF Plan will be assessed and amended whenever there is a change in operation of the CCR impoundment that would substantially affect the IDF Plan or when unanticipated events necessitate a revision of the Plan either before or after closure activities have commenced.

<u>§257.82(c)(5)</u>: The owner or operator must obtain a certification from a qualified professional engineer stating that the initial and periodic inflow design flood control system plans meet the requirements of this section.

I certify that the design of the flood control system referenced in this Inflow Design Flood Control System Plan for AECI's Pond 001 - Cell 004 at the Thomas Hill Energy Center meets the USEPA's CCR Rule requirements of §257.82.

Signed:

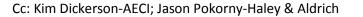
Consulting Engineer

Print Name: Missouri License No.: Title: Company:

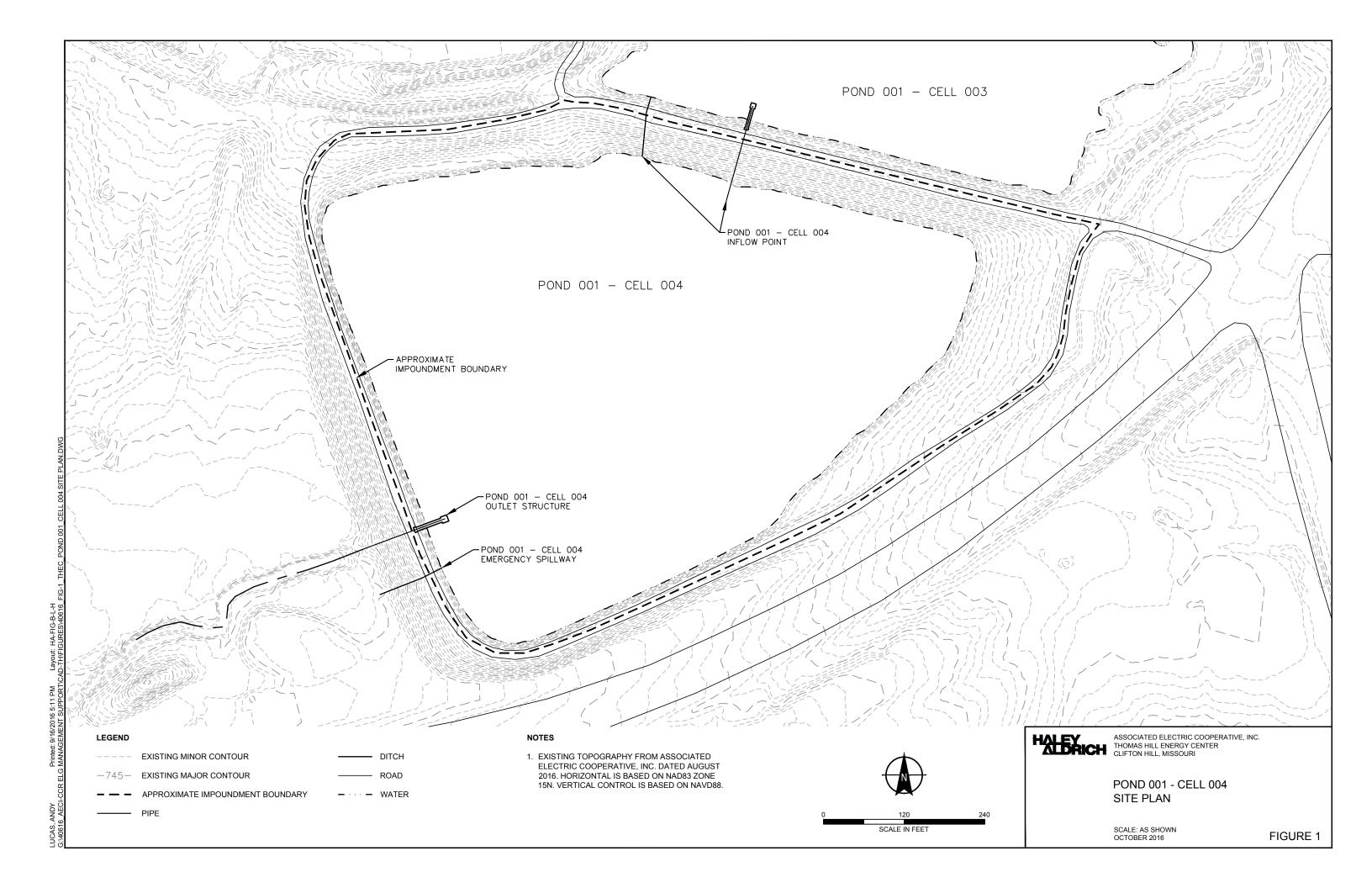
Steven F. Putrich 2014035813 Project Principal Haley & Aldrich, Inc.

Professional Engineer's Seal and date:

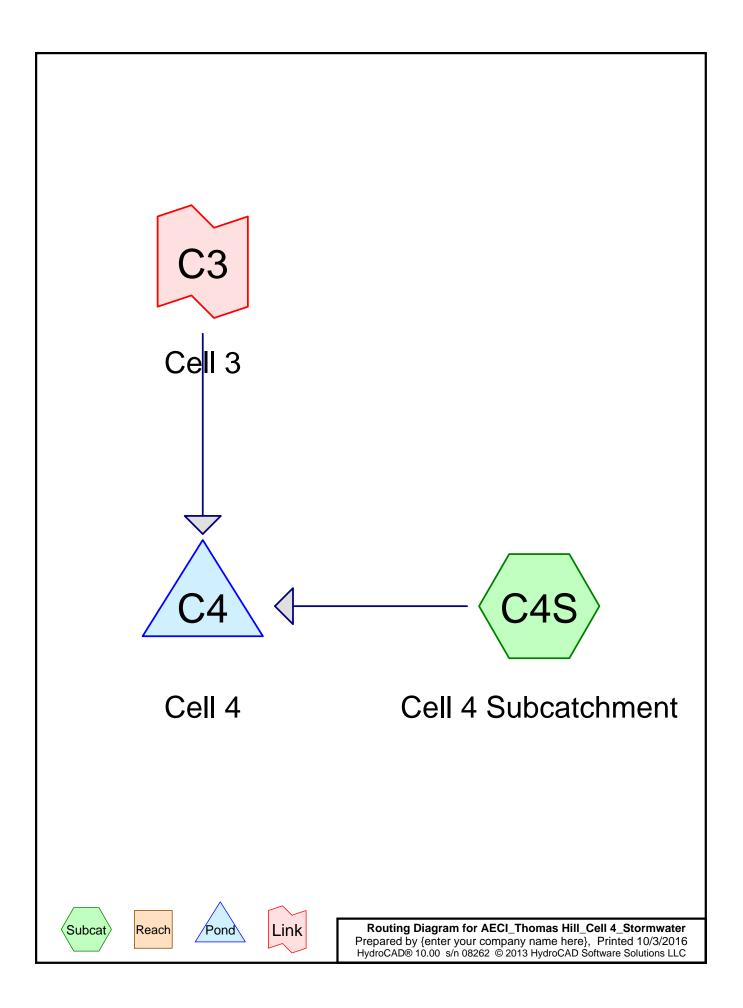








Appendix 1



Area Listing (all nodes)

CN	Description
	(subcatchment-numbers)
84	50-75% Grass cover, Fair, HSG D (C4S)
98	Water Surface, HSG A (C4S)
94	TOTAL AREA
	84 98

Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area	Soil	Subcatchment
(acres)	Group	Numbers
10.614	HSG A	C4S
0.000	HSG B	
0.000	HSG C	
4.630	HSG D	C4S
0.000	Other	
15.244		TOTAL AREA

AECI_Thomas Hill_Cell 4_Stormwater

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00 s/n 08262 © 2013 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Ground Covers (all nodes)

HSG-A	HSG-B	HSG-C	HSG-D	Other	Total	Ground	Subcatchment
 (acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	Cover	Numbers
0.000	0.000	0.000	4.630	0.000	4.630	50-75% Grass cover, Fair	C4S
10.614	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	10.614	Water Surface	C4S
10.614	0.000	0.000	4.630	0.000	15.244	TOTAL AREA	

AECI_Thomas Hill_Cell 4_Stormwater

Prepared by {enter your company name here}	Printed 10/3/2016
HydroCAD® 10.00 s/n 08262 © 2013 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC	Page 5

	Pipe Listing (all nodes)								
Line#	Node Number	In-Invert (feet)	Out-Invert (feet)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	n	Diam/Width (inches)	Height (inches)	Inside-Fill (inches)
1	C4	682.00	680.60	140.0	0.0100	0.012	48.0	0.0	0.0

Time span=0.00-144.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 14401 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Sim-Route method - Pond routing by Sim-Route method

Subcatchment C4S: Cell 4 Subcatchment Runoff Area=15.244 ac 69.63% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.20" Flow Length=189' Tc=8.5 min CN=94 Runoff=156.54 cfs 9.149 af

Pond C4: Cell 4 Peak Elev=703.79' Storage=41.241 af Inflow=251.88 cfs 582.161 af Primary=102.42 cfs 548.951 af Secondary=25.28 cfs 11.497 af Outflow=127.71 cfs 560.447 af

100-YInkimary Imported from AECI_Thomas Hill_Cell 3_Stormwater Link~Pond C3.csv Inflow=156.09 cfs 573.083 af Primary=156.09 cfs 573.047 af

> Total Runoff Area = 15.244 ac Runoff Volume = 9.149 af Average Runoff Depth = 7.20" 30.37% Pervious = 4.630 ac 69.63% Impervious = 10.614 ac

Prepared by {enter your company name here} HydroCAD® 10.00 s/n 08262 © 2013 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Runoff

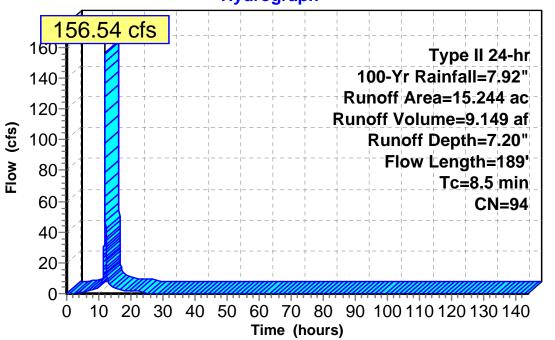
Summary for Subcatchment C4S: Cell 4 Subcatchment

Runoff = 156.54 cfs @ 11.99 hrs, Volume= 9.149 af, Depth= 7.20"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-144.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type II 24-hr 100-Yr Rainfall=7.92"

_	Area	(ac) C	N Des	cription		
	10.	614 9	98 Wate	er Surface	, HSG A	
_	4.	630 8	34 50-7	5% Grass	cover, Fair	, HSG D
	15.	244 9	94 Weig	ghted Aver	age	
	4.	630	30.3	7% Pervio	us Area	
	10.	614	69.6	3% Imperv	∕ious Area	
	_		~		a 1	
	ŢĊ	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	7.9	100	0.0450	0.21		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 2.56"
	0.6	89	0.1404	2.62		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
_	8.5	189	Total			

Subcatchment C4S: Cell 4 Subcatchment



Hydrograph

Summary for Pond C4: Cell 4

Pimary outlet pipe slope, upstream invert, downstream invert, size, and material per Burns & McDonnell Ash Pond Modifications Drawing Y12 (10/17/1985).

Weir overflow elevation based on water level at time of survey.

Weir length per 2016 H&A Hazard Potential Classification.

Emergency spillway elevation and bottom width per Ash Pond #001 Specs provided by AECI. Side slopes per Burns & McDonnell Dike Profile and Grading Section Drawing Y12 (5/10/1980).

Inflow Area =	15.244 ac, 6	9.63% Impervious, Infl	ow Depth >458.27" for 100-Yr event
Inflow =	251.88 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume=	582.161 af
Outflow =	127.71 cfs @	15.86 hrs, Volume=	560.447 af, Atten= 49%, Lag= 231.5 min
Primary =	102.42 cfs @	15.86 hrs, Volume=	548.951 af
Secondary =	25.28 cfs @	15.86 hrs, Volume=	11.497 af

Routing by Sim-Route method, Time Span= 0.00-144.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 703.79' @ 15.86 hrs Surf.Area= 11.146 ac Storage= 41.241 af

Plug-Flow detention time= 339.2 min calculated for 560.408 af (96% of inflow)
Center-of-Mass det. time= 164.7 min (4,118.4 - 3,953.7)

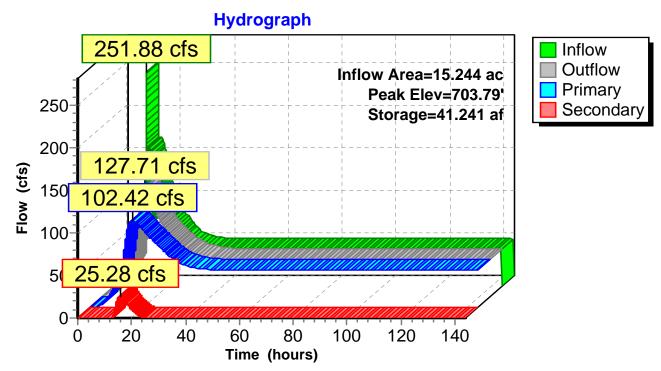
Volume	Invert /	Avail.Stora	ge Sto	brage Description
#1	700.00'	54.879	af Cus	stom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio	on Surf.Area	a Ind	c.Store	Cum.Store
(fee	et) (acres) (acr	e-feet)	(acre-feet)
700.0	0 10.614	1	0.000	0.000
701.0	0 10.774	1	10.694	10.694
702.0	0 10.885	5	10.830	21.523
703.0	0 11.005	5	10.945	32.468
704.0	0 11.183	3	11.094	43.562
705.0	0 11.450)	11.316	54.879
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet D	Devices
#1	Primary	682.00'	48.0" R	Round Culvert
#2 Device 1 700.00' #3 Secondary 703.00'		L= 140.0 Inlet / O n= 0.012 5.0' Ion Custom Head (fe	0' RCP, rounded edge headwall, Ke= 0.100 0utlet Invert= 682.00' / 680.60' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900 2 Concrete pipe, finished, Flow Area= 12.57 sf ing Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s) in Weir/Orifice, Cv= 2.62 (C= 3.28) Feet) 0.00 2.00 feet) 10.00 16.00	

Primary OutFlow Max=102.42 cfs @ 15.86 hrs HW=703.79' (Free Discharge)

-1=Culvert (Passes 102.42 cfs of 339.82 cfs potential flow)

1-2=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 102.42 cfs @ 6.37 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=25.28 cfs @ 15.86 hrs HW=703.79' (Free Discharge) —3=Custom Weir/Orifice (Weir Controls 25.28 cfs @ 2.85 fps)



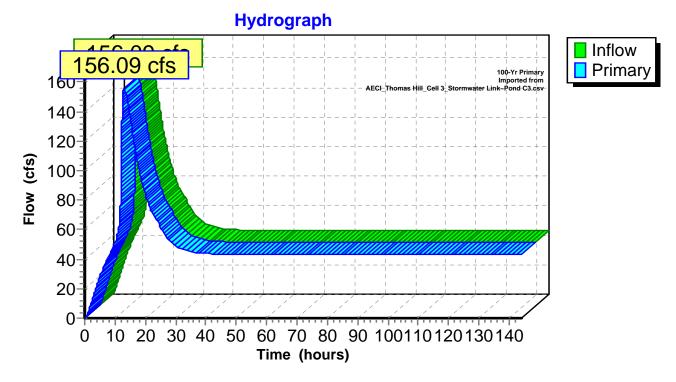
Pond C4: Cell 4

Summary for Link C3: Cell 3

Inflow	=	156.09 cfs @	13.05 hrs, Volu	ne= 573.083 af
Primary	=	156.09 cfs @	13.06 hrs, Volu	ne= 573.047 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.6 min

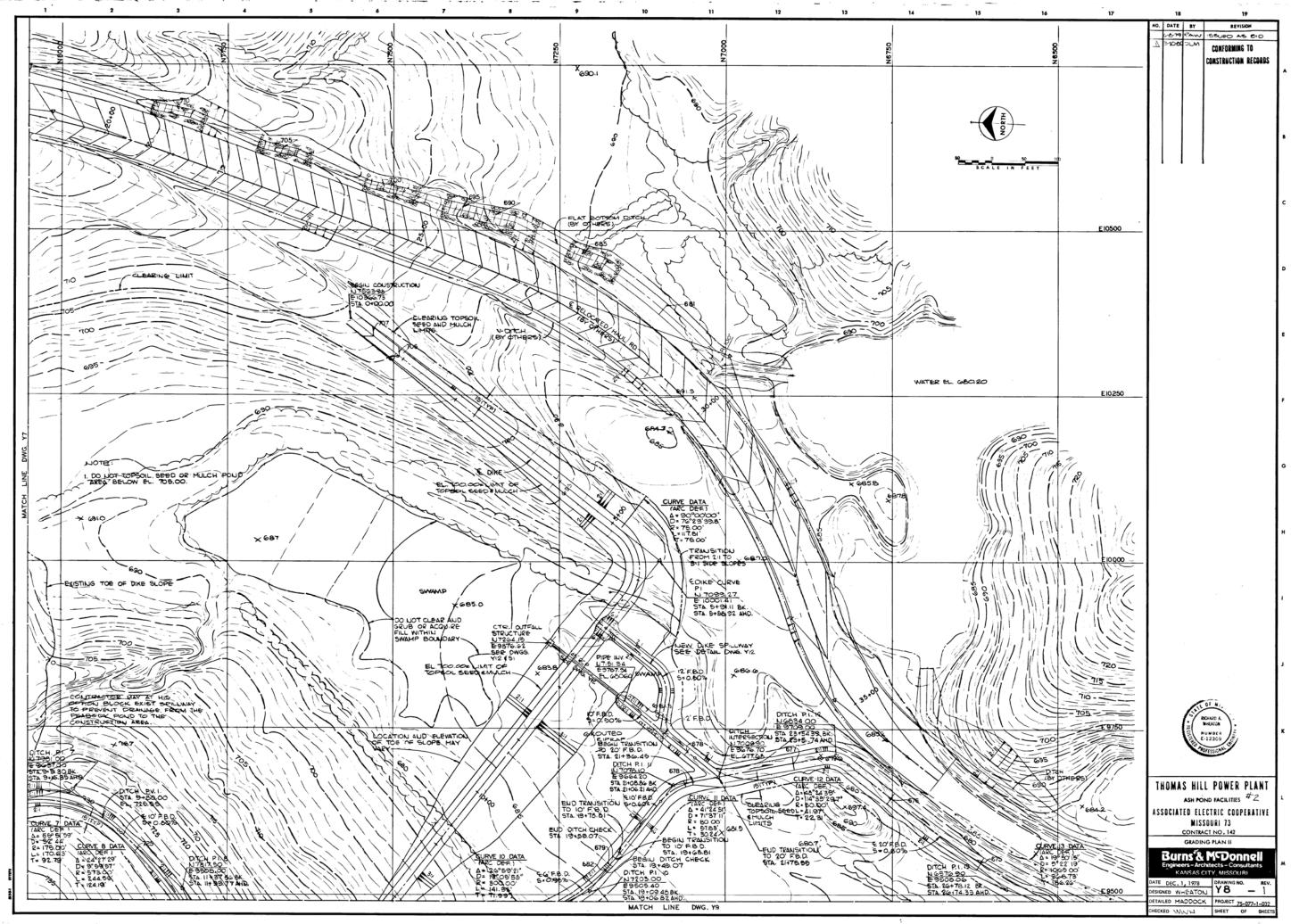
Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-144.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

100-Yr Primary Imported from AECI_Thomas Hill_Cell 3_Stormwater Link~Pond C3.csv

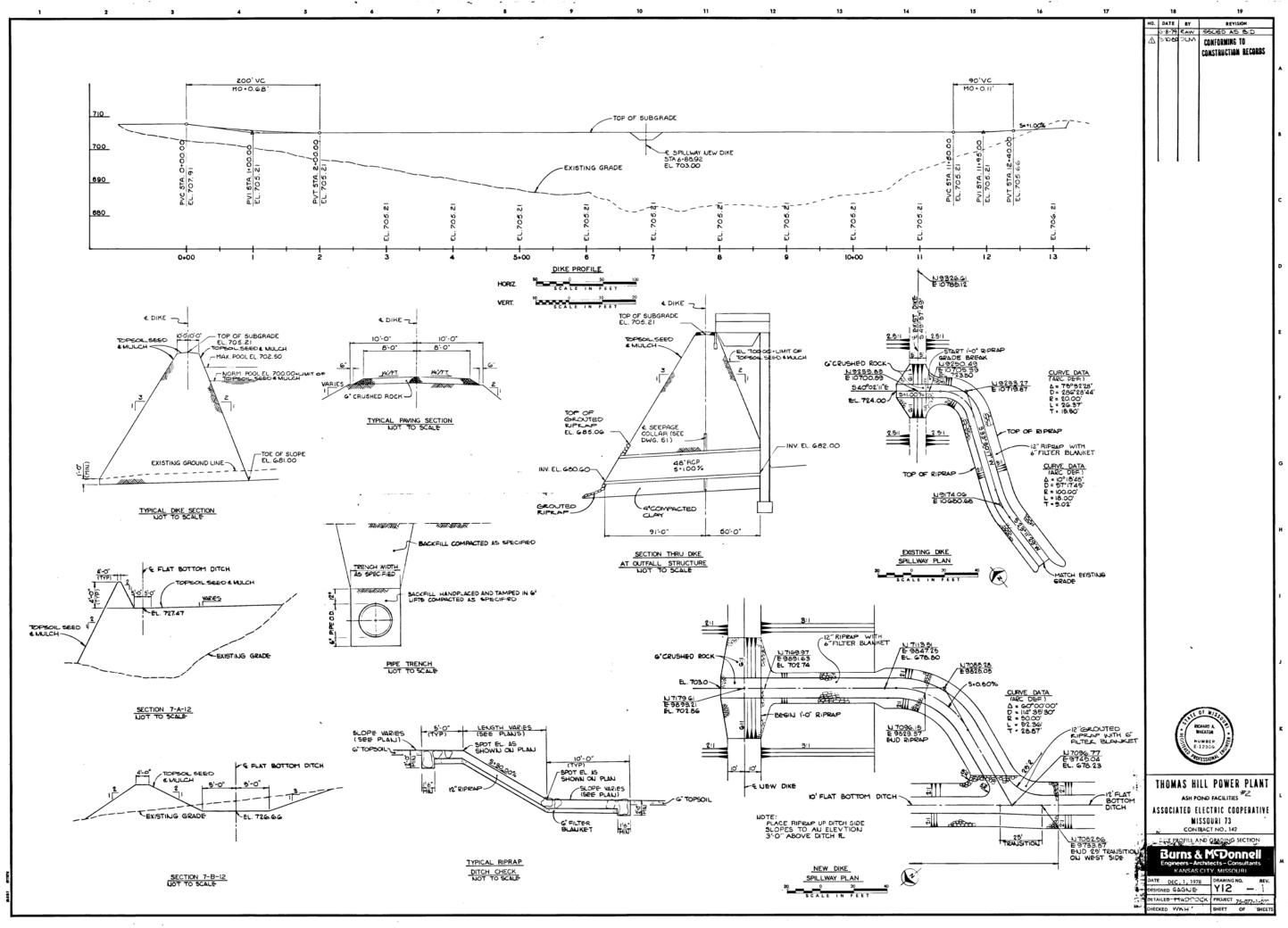


Link C3: Cell 3

Appendix 2

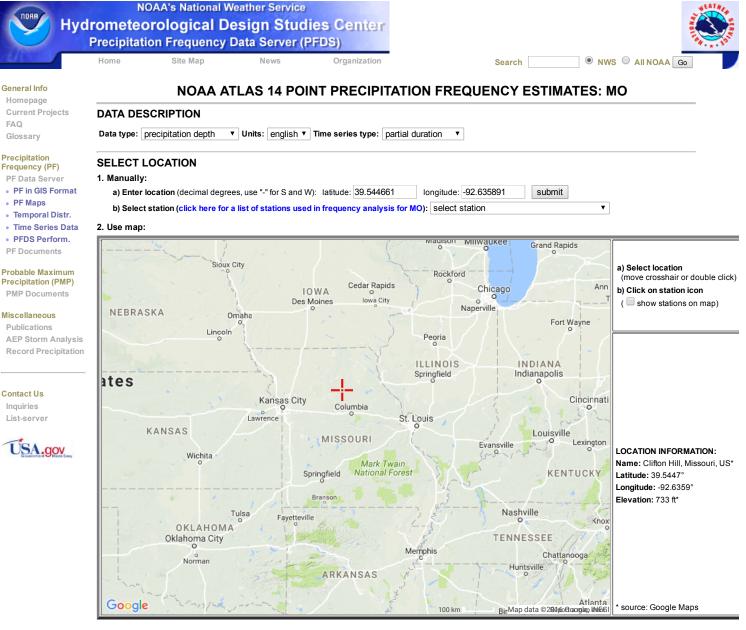


A case of the second second



Appendix 3

PFDS: Contiguous US



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY (PF) ESTIMATES WITH 90% CONFIDENCE INTERVALS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 8, Version 2

PF tabular		PF graphi	PF graphical Supplementary information			Print Page				
PDS-based precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) ¹										
Duration	Average recurrence interval (years)									
	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.405 (0.328-0.498)	0.468 (0.378-0.576)	0.570 (0.459-0.703)	0.654 (0.524-0.810)	0.769 (0.594-0.975)	0.857 (0.647-1.10)	0.944 (0.688-1.24)	1.03 (0.721-1.39)	1.15 (0.770-1.58)	1.23 (0.808-1.7
10-min	0.593 (0.480-0.729)	0.685 (0.554-0.843)	0.834 (0.673-1.03)	0.958 (0.767-1.19)	1.13 (0.870-1.43)	1.25 (0.947-1.61)	1.38 (1.01-1.81)	1.51 (1.05-2.03)	1.68 (1.13-2.31)	1.80 (1.18-2.52
15-min	0.723 (0.585-0.890)	0.835 (0.676-1.03)	1.02 (0.820-1.26)	1.17 (0.936-1.45)	1.37 (1.06-1.74)	1.53 (1.16-1.96)	1.69 (1.23-2.21)	1.84 (1.29-2.47)	2.05 (1.38-2.81)	2.20 (1.44-3.08
30-min	1.02 (0.827-1.26)	1.19 (0.965-1.47)	1.47 (1.19-1.81)	1.70 (1.36-2.10)	2.00 (1.54-2.53)	2.23 (1.68-2.86)	2.45 (1.79-3.21)	2.68 (1.87-3.59)	2.97 (1.99-4.08)	3.18 (2.08-4.4
60-min	1.29 (1.05-1.59)	1.54 (1.25-1.90)	1.96 (1.58-2.41)	2.30 (1.84-2.85)	2.79 (2.16-3.56)	3.17 (2.40-4.09)	3.56 (2.60-4.68)	3.96 (2.77-5.33)	4.49 (3.02-6.20)	4.91 (3.21-6.85
2-hr	1.57 (1.28-1.92)	1.89 (1.54-2.31)	2.44 (1.98-2.99)	2.91 (2.35-3.58)	3.58 (2.79-4.55)	4.11 (3.13-5.28)	4.66 (3.43-6.11)	5.24 (3.69-7.02)	6.02 (4.08-8.26)	6.63 (4.38-9.20
3-hr	1.73 (1.41-2.10)	2.10 (1.72-2.56)	2.75 (2.24-3.36)	3.31 (2.68-4.06)	4.14 (3.25-5.26)	4.81 (3.68-6.17)	5.51 (4.08-7.21)	6.25 (4.43-8.37)	7.28 (4.96-9.97)	8.09 (5.36-11.2
6-hr	2.06 (1.70-2.49)	2.50 (2.06-3.03)	3.27 (2.68-3.97)	3.96 (3.22-4.82)	4.97 (3.95-6.31)	5.81 (4.49-7.43)	6.71 (5.00-8.74)	7.66 (5.48-10.2)	9.00 (6.19-12.3)	10.1 (6.72-13.8

http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/pfds_map_cont.html?bkmrk=mo

.www.nws.noaa.gov

PFDS: Contiguous US

12-hr	2.49 (2.06-2.99)	2.95 (2.44-3.55)	3.77 (3.11-4.54)	4.50 (3.69-5.44)	5.57 (4.45-7.01)	6.46 (5.03-8.20)	7.41 (5.57-9.59)	8.42 (6.06-11.1)	9.83 (6.81-13.3)	11.0 (7.38-14.9)
24-hr	2.95	3.42	4.24	4.97	6.06	6.97	7.92	8.95	10.4	11.5
	(2.46-3.52)	(2.85-4.08)	(3.52-5.08)	(4.11-5.98)	(4.88-7.57)	(5.46-8.77)	(6.00-10.2)	(6.50-11.8)	(7.25-13.9)	(7.82-15.6)
2-day	3.38 (2.84-4.01)	3.88 (3.25-4.61)	4.76 (3.98-5.66)	5.54 (4.61-6.62)	6.70 (5.43-8.30)	7.66 (6.05-9.58)	8.68 (6.61-11.1)	9.77 (7.14-12.7)	11.3 (7.94-15.0)	12.5 (8.54-16.8)
3-day	3.67	4.22	5.17	6.02	7.26	8.28	9.35	10.5	12.1	13.4
	(3.10-4.34)	(3.56-4.99)	(4.34-6.13)	(5.02-7.16)	(5.89-8.94)	(6.55-10.3)	(7.15-11.9)	(7.70-13.6)	(8.54-16.0)	(9.17-17.9)
4-day	3.94	4.52	5.52	6.41	7.72	8.79	9.91	11.1	12.8	14.1
	(3.33-4.64)	(3.81-5.33)	(4.65-6.53)	(5.37-7.61)	(6.28-9.47)	(6.97-10.9)	(7.60-12.5)	(8.17-14.4)	(9.04-16.9)	(9.70-18.8)
7-day	4.64 (3.94-5.44)	5.28 (4.48-6.19)	6.38 (5.40-7.50)	7.37 (6.20-8.69)	8.80 (7.21-10.7)	9.98 (7.97-12.3)	11.2 (8.66-14.1)	12.5 (9.29-16.1)	14.4 (10.2-18.9)	15.9 (11.0-21.0)
10-day	5.28 (4.50-6.16)	5.97 (5.09-6.98)	7.17 (6.09-8.40)	8.23 (6.95-9.68)	9.79 (8.04-11.9)	11.1 (8.86-13.6)	12.4 (9.60-15.5)	13.8 (10.3-17.7)	15.8 (11.3-20.7)	17.4 (12.1-22.9)
20-day	7.11	8.02	9.57	10.9	12.8	14.3	15.9	17.6	19.8	21.6
	(6.10-8.24)	(6.88-9.31)	(8.18-11.1)	(9.27-12.7)	(10.6-15.4)	(11.6-17.4)	(12.4-19.7)	(13.1-22.3)	(14.3-25.7)	(15.1-28.3)
30-day	8.64 (7.45-9.98)	9.78 (8.42-11.3)	11.7 (10.0-13.5)	13.2 (11.3-15.4)	15.5 (12.8-18.4)	17.2 (13.9-20.7)	18.9 (14.8-23.3)	20.8 (15.6-26.1)	23.2 (16.7-29.9)	25.1 (17.6-32.7)
45-day	10.6	12.0	14.3	16.2	18.8	20.8	22.8	24.8	27.3	29.3
	(9.17-12.2)	(10.4-13.8)	(12.4-16.5)	(13.9-18.8)	(15.6-22.3)	(16.9-24.9)	(17.8-27.9)	(18.6-30.9)	(19.8-35.0)	(20.7-38.0)
60-day	12.3	14.0	16.6	18.8	21.7	23.9	26.1	28.1	30.8	32.8
	(10.6-14.1)	(12.1-16.0)	(14.4-19.2)	(16.2-21.7)	(18.0-25.6)	(19.4-28.5)	(20.4-31.7)	(21.2-35.0)	(22.4-39.2)	(23.2-42.5)

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS). Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

Estimates from the table in csv format: precipitation frequency estimates V Submit

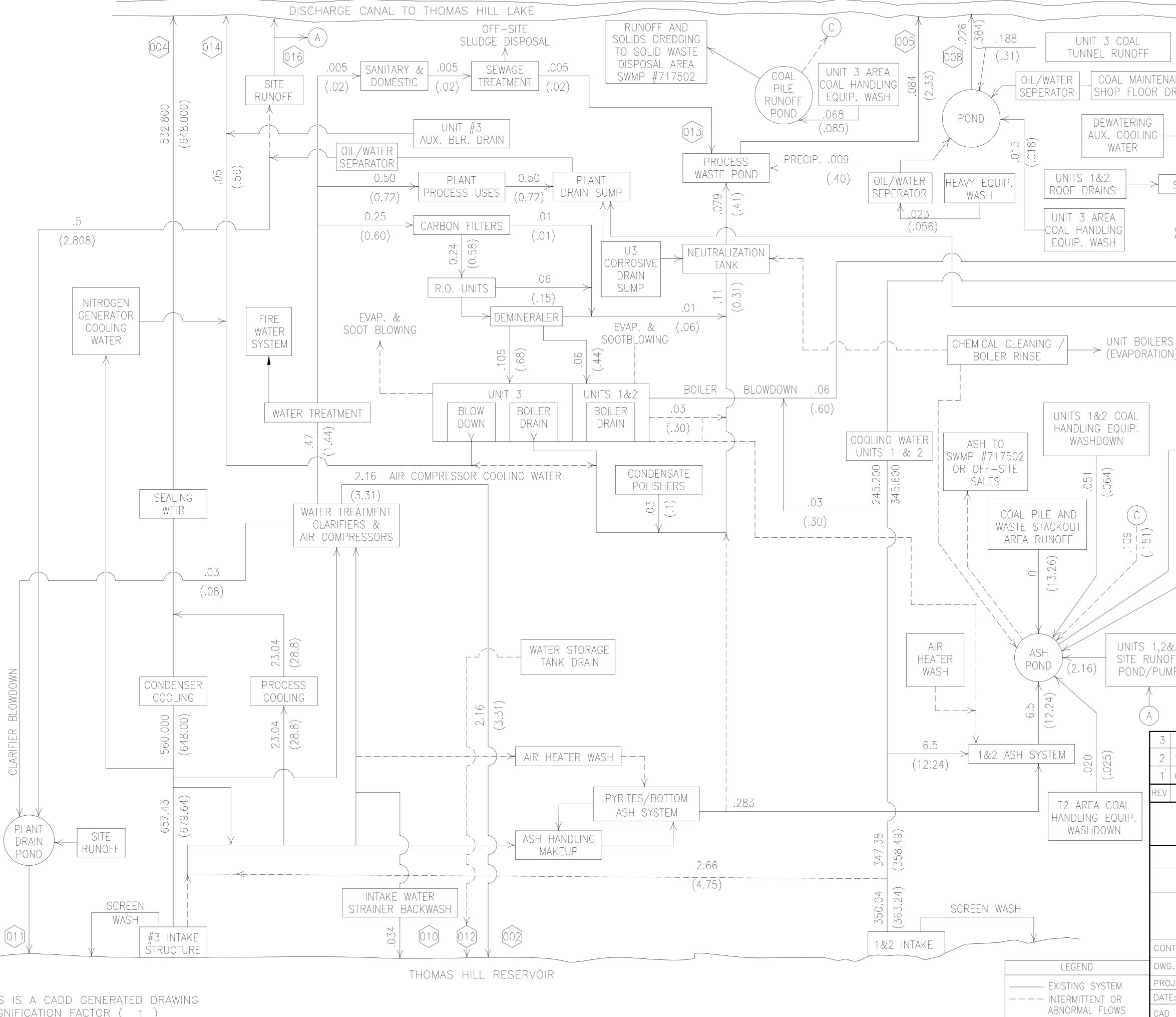
Main Link Categories: Home | OWP(OHD)

US Department of Commerce National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Weather Service Office of Water Prediction (OWP) 1325 East West Highway Silver Spring, MD 20910 Page Author: HDSC webmaster Page last modified: August 27, 2014

Map Disclaimer Disclaimer Credits Glossary

Privacy F Abo Career Opportu

Appendix 4



THIS IS A CADD GENERATED DRAWING MAGNIFICATION FACTOR (1)

	[> 0 016						
	R FLY ASH M VACUUM						
	SEAL WATER						
	G TOWER BLOWDOWN						
NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT0054 NIT000 NIT00 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT00 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT000 NIT00							
	SITE RUNOFF						
SEALING WEIR							
	.864)						
	UNITS 1&2 UPPER						
	FLOORS PLANT DRAINS						
 UNITS 1&2							
BASEMENT DRA	INS						
UNIT 2							
I) CONDENSATE POL	ISHER						
	CHARITON RIVER						
6.680							
(28.990)	CHAR						
	VASH						
(.0004)							
NOTES: 1. ALL FLOWS	INDICATE MILLION						
GALLONS PEF 2. NUMBERS IN	R DAY. PARENTHESIS ()						
ε3 MAXIMUM FLC	TANTANEOUS OR DAILY DWS BECAUSE ALL						
	OWS MAY NOT OCCUR SLY. FLOWS WILL NOT						
BALANCE UNDER MAXIMUM CONDITIONS. 3. ALL OTHER FLOW RATES ARE							
INTENDED TO AVERAGE MOI	REPRESENT THE NTHLY DAY.						
6/08 REV. AS IS		JRE					
9/99 REV. AS IS 6/97 REV. AS IS		JRE JRE					
,	RIPTION	APP					
aqci							
associated electric cooperative, inc.							
HEADQUARTERS project title							
drawing title THOMAS HILL POWER PLANT							
N. P. D. E. S. FLOW DIAGRAM							
tractor name: . no. EOJEBAC							
JECT NO. DESIGN BY: JEB							
E: 21-JAN-1992 File NO. EOJEBAC	DRAWN BY: DAB	EV. 3					
ILL INV. EVJEDAU		∟v. J					